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Optimizing Bioactive Properties of Garcinia queasita and Moringa oleifera Combinations: Phytochemical, Antioxidant, and Anti-inflammatory Insights

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Garcinia and Moringa are widely recognized for their medicinal properties. The objective of this study was to determine the optimal combination of the two plant species to maximize their in vitro bioactivity. Air-dried, mechanically-powdered, and sieved Garcinia queasita fruit and Moringa oleifera mature leaves were mixed in nine different ratios (G90:M10, G80:M20, G70:M30, G60:M40, G50:M50, G40:M60, G30:M70, G20:M80, and G10:M90). All the combinations and the unmixed plant samples were analysed through *in vitro* bioassays. The radical scavenging activity was analysed by the 2, 2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) assay. The radical scavenging ability of G70:M30 combination demonstrated the most potent IC_{50} of 0.202 mg/mL while unmixed G. quaesita and M. oleifera exhibited IC_{50} values of 0.331 mg/mL and 0.770 mg/mL, respectively. The standard ascorbic acid showed an IC₅₀ of 0.399 mg/mL. The G70:M30 combination demonstrated the most potent IC_{50} of 0.120 mg/mL in the *in-vitro* anti-inflammatory experiment, which was carried out using the human red blood cell (HRBC) membrane stabilization assay. G. quaesita and M. oleifera alone showed IC₅₀ values of 0.124 mg/mL and 0.674 mg/mL, respectively, while standard ibuprofen recorded an IC_{50} of 0.141 mg/mL. The total phenolic content (TPC) was analysed by the Folin-Ciocalteu assay. The highest TPC was observed in the G30:M70 of all combinations, with a value of 261.80 mg GAE/g \pm 22.62 . M. oleifera and G. quaesita demonstrated 226.08 mg GAE/g \pm 66.93 and 276.45 mg GAE/g \pm 38.31, respectively. The aluminum chloride colorimetric assay determined total flavonoid content (TFC). For the TFC assay, the G10:M90 combination showed the highest value of 87.82 mg QE/g±0.22 while *M. oleifera* and *G. quaesita* exhibited values of 85.99 mg QE/g±0.96 and 50.67mg QE/g±0.11, respectively. These findings suggest that specific combinations of the plants can significantly enhance bioactive properties, highlighting their potential in therapeutic research.

Keywords: bioactive synergies, garcinia, moringa, radical scavenging activity, antiinflammatory activity, optimal combinations