

The Israel- Palestine Conflict is the Most Challenging Dispute in the World

KK Wojithma¹, MRD Chandrarathne¹ and HPSW Senarathne^{1#}

¹*Faculty of Defence and Strategic Studies, General Sir John Kotelawala Defence University*

#38-bsi-0001@kdu.ac.lk

The Israeli-Palestinian conflict fundamentally dates to the 20th century and is a contemporary conflict. The partition plan, also known as Resolution 181, was adopted by the UN in 1947 and aimed to create separate Arab and Jewish nations inside the British Mandate of Palestine. Israel waged wars against its Arab neighbours in 1967 and 1973, and during the 1967 conflict, it also occupied the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Conflicts between the Israeli government and Palestine Liberation Organizations have been ongoing. Since the conflict escalated several actors involved in solving the disputes by implementing various peace plans, however almost most of the plans implemented were ineffective and failed to maintain peace in the Israel Palestine conflict, one of the most challenging disputes in the world. Therefore, this research aims to identify what makes the Israel-Palestine conflict more challenging. To address the main research problem the research intends to answer why the Israeli-Palestinian conflict cannot be resolved? How successful were the attempts at peace? And what parties are engaged in the peace efforts? These research questions will be answered by analysing the historical background of the conflict and in-depth study of the peace plans that took place and will be concluded by identifying the significant factors that make the Israel-Palestine conflict one of the most challenging conflicts in the world.

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