

ABSTRACT

1. As per present context, the amounts of child abuse incidents are reported in higher level. Further, this situation is spread in frequently all over the world. While comparing the other countries, Sri Lanka is in a more danger level in incidents and anti – social behavior level. Therefore, this research will be an approach to find out whether there is a direct connection between child abuse and anti – social personalities.

2. The study is based on the either quantitative or qualitative data, or on a combination of both. Quantitative data is basically useful to discover how common particular forms of behaviour. Qualitative data is basically useful to find the reasons regarding a particular matter. In this context researcher conversed the adult anti-social behaviour and its' link with child abuse. Therefore, a combination of both quantitative and qualitative methods is used to whether the abused children tend to engage in anti-social behaviour in their adulthood.

3. The research is consisted of mainly two data sources, primary data sources and secondary data sources. Primary data collection is mainly consists with data that had been collected from questionnaires, observations and interviews. The secondary data consisting literature review and studies on statistical data among other countries are used for its advancement of existing knowledge. Both primary and secondary data sources are used to achieve the objectives of the research.